

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

*RECEIVED
CLERK'S OFFICE
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
AUG 23 AM 9:06*
Michael L Tracy Walker

(In the space above enter the full name(s) of the plaintiff(s).)

-against-

Taimur Raja, David
Vazquez, Esteban
Lopez, Kyle Brown

COMPLAINT

under the
Civil Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1983
(Prisoner Complaint)

Jury Trial: Yes No
(check one)

17CV 6434

(In the space above enter the full name(s) of the defendant(s). If you cannot fit the names of all of the defendants in the space provided, please write "see attached" in the space above and attach an additional sheet of paper with the full list of names. The names listed in the above caption must be identical to those contained in Part I. Addresses should not be included here.)

I. Parties in this complaint:

- A. List your name, identification number, and the name and address of your current place of confinement. Do the same for any additional plaintiffs named. Attach additional sheets of paper as necessary.

Plaintiff Name Michael L Tracy Walker
ID # 1411700 256
Current Institution North Detention Command (NIC)
Address 1500 HAZEN ST EAST Elmhurst
QUEENS NY 11370 DORM 1

- B. List all defendants' names, positions, places of employment, and the address where each defendant may be served. Make sure that the defendant(s) listed below are identical to those contained in the above caption. Attach additional sheets of paper as necessary.

Defendant No. 1 Name TAIMUR RAJA Shield # 19639
Where Currently Employed 70 pct
Address BKLYN NY 11230

Defendant No. 2 Name DAVID VAZQUEZ Shield # 20393
Where Currently Employed 70 pct
Address BKLYN NY 11230

Defendant No. 3 Name ESTHARLIN LOPEZ Shield # 17248
Where Currently Employed 70 pct
Address BKLYN NY 11230

Defendant No. 4 Name Kyle Brown Shield # 16513
Where Currently Employed 70 pct
Address BKLYN NY 11230

Defendant No. 5 Name _____ Shield # _____
Where Currently Employed _____
Address _____

II. Statement of Claim:

State as briefly as possible the facts of your case. Describe how each of the defendants named in the caption of this complaint is involved in this action, along with the dates and locations of all relevant events. You may wish to include further details such as the names of other persons involved in the events giving rise to your claims. Do not cite any cases or statutes. If you intend to allege a number of related claims, number and set forth each claim in a separate paragraph. Attach additional sheets of paper as necessary.

- A. In what institution did the events giving rise to your claim(s) occur? This claim
did not derive in a institution but
was at 1058 coney island Ave BKLYN NY 11230
- B. Where in the institution did the events giving rise to your claim(s) occur? This claim was against New York
City government officials at the 70pc+
- C. What date and approximate time did the events giving rise to your claim(s) occur? The date that this assault by the police
officer happen on JAN 8th 2017 730pm

D. Facts: I was around the date of JAN 8th 2017. I was assaulted by the police officers of the 70pcpt BN Brooklyn. Location of incident was at 1058 Coney Island Ave Brooklyn NY 11230. I was punch repeatedly in the face while handcuffed behind my back laying face down. Shield # 19639 officer Farimur Raja, and David Vazquez shield # 20393, also Kyle Brown shield # 6513, held me down while hands behind my back laying face down on street pavement, while officer Esteban Lopez shield # 17248, repeatedly punch me in head area.

What happened to you?

Who did what?

Was anyone else involved?

Who else saw what happened?

The Judge Joanne D Quinones my lawyer defense attorney Regis public defenders office They has video surveillance footage displaying the entire assault by police officers.

III. Injuries:

If you sustained injuries related to the events alleged above, describe them and state what medical treatment, if any, you required and received.

Before the assault I was diagnose with advance glaucoma after I was assaulted by police officers I'm now legally blind in both eyes, I now walk with a blind stick; and in the hospital ward.

IV. Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies:

The Prison Litigation Reform Act ("PLRA"), 42 U.S.C. § 1997e(a), requires that "[n]o action shall be brought with respect to prison conditions under section 1983 of this title, or any other Federal law, by a prisoner confined in any jail, prison, or other correctional facility until such administrative remedies as are available are exhausted." Administrative remedies are also known as grievance procedures.

A. Did your claim(s) arise while you were confined in a jail, prison, or other correctional facility?

Yes No It happen when I was assaulted on the street pavement of 1058 Coney Island Ave Brooklyn NY 11230

If YES, name the jail, prison, or other correctional facility where you were confined at the time of the events giving rise to your claim(s).

N/A

B. Does the jail, prison or other correctional facility where your claim(s) arose have a grievance procedure?

Yes _____ No _____ Do Not Know _____

N/A I filed A complaint with Internal Affairs CCRB

C. Does the grievance procedure at the jail, prison or other correctional facility where your claim(s) arose cover some or all of your claim(s)?

Yes _____ No ~~X~~ Do Not Know _____

N/A

If YES, which claim(s)? _____

D. Did you file a grievance in the jail, prison, or other correctional facility where your claim(s) arose?

Yes _____ No ~~X~~

If NO, did you file a grievance about the events described in this complaint at any other jail, prison, or other correctional facility?

Yes _____ No ~~X~~

N/A

E. If you did file a grievance, about the events described in this complaint, where did you file the grievance?

No I file a grievance about ADA

1. Which claim(s) in this complaint did you grieve?

None I

I file two complaints with CCRB /Internal Affairs

2. What was the result, if any?

I have an investigation from Internal Affairs Lieutenant Howery ID# 2017 18430

3. What steps, if any, did you take to appeal that decision? Describe all efforts to appeal to the highest level of the grievance process.

The complaint is not a grievance I file a complaint requesting an investigation of the assist NINA Michael's CCRB 2017 03481 ID# I am still waiting for result, but nothing has been done.

F. If you did not file a grievance:

1. If there are any reasons why you did not file a grievance, state them here:

A grievance does not work with police officers from a precinct you have to use CCRB /Internal Affairs

2. If you did not file a grievance but informed any officials of your claim, state who you

informed, when and how, and their response, if any:
BRIAN south
Investigator Chief east Hoover
DBBS ID Log # 2017 18430
NINA MICKEN CIVILIAN COMPLAINT
Review Board # Log 2017 03481

- G. Please set forth any additional information that is relevant to the exhaustion of your administrative remedies.
- I've contacted these two
agencies and the civilian complaint
Review board statement are that my
Attorney has to consent to a statement
in which I inform my Attorney
I want to speak with NINA MICKEN
and she refused to let me speak to
her. Now I'm filing a complaint against her.*

Note: You may attach as exhibits to this complaint any documents related to the exhaustion of your administrative remedies.

V. Relief:

State what you want the Court to do for you (including the amount of monetary compensation, if any, that you are seeking and the basis for such amount).

*I'm humbly asking the
Court to relieve all officers off
these job, and have assault charges
brought upon them. I'm also requesting
that I'm awarded the amount
of 3 million dollars for the
assault inflicted upon me by
the hands of these New York City
government officials at the 70th
Due to these assault I'm now
legally blind the excessive force
cruel unusual punishment
not allow my life properly
All criminal proceeding investigated to
my Alleged charges*

VI. Previous lawsuits:**On these claims**

- A. Have you filed other lawsuits in state or federal court dealing with the same facts involved in this action?

Yes No _____

- B. If your answer to A is YES, describe each lawsuit by answering questions 1 through 7 below. (If there is more than one lawsuit, describe the additional lawsuits on another sheet of paper, using the same format.)

1. Parties to the previous lawsuit:

Plaintiff Prison health service / Health and Hospital Dept of
Correction NYC City Police Audit
 Defendants _____

2. Court (if federal court, name the district; if state court, name the county) Bronx
County

3. Docket or Index number 22 TA 712006

4. Name of Judge assigned to your case D Anziger

5. Approximate date of filing lawsuit 2004

6. Is the case still pending? Yes No _____

If NO, give the approximate date of disposition _____

7. What was the result of the case? (For example: Was the case dismissed? Was there judgment in your favor? Was the case appealed?)
Judge in my favor settlement after 75,000

On other claims

- C. Have you filed other lawsuits in state or federal court otherwise relating to your imprisonment?

Yes _____ No

- D. If your answer to C is YES, describe each lawsuit by answering questions 1 through 7 below. (If there is more than one lawsuit, describe the additional lawsuits on another piece of paper, using the same format.)

1. Parties to the previous lawsuit:

Plaintiff N/A

Defendants _____

2. Court (if federal court, name the district; if state court, name the county) _____

3. Docket or Index number _____

4. Name of Judge assigned to your case N/A

5. Approximate date of filing lawsuit _____

6. Is the case still pending? Yes _____ No _____

If NO, give the approximate date of disposition _____

7. What was the result of the case? (For example: Was the case dismissed? Was there judgment in your favor? Was the case appealed?) N/A

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signed this 12 day of August, 2017

Signature of Plaintiff

Inmate Number

Institution Address

Melvin Weller

1411 700254

1500 Hazen St Donald J
EAST Elmhurst Queens
1137D

Note: All plaintiffs named in the caption of the complaint must date and sign the complaint and provide their inmate numbers and addresses.

I declare under penalty of perjury that on this 12 day of August, 2017, I am delivering this complaint to prison authorities to be mailed to the Pro Se Office of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

Signature of Plaintiff:

Melvin Weller

Date: 5/25/17

From: Michael Walker ID# 141-17-00256
1500 Hazen Street Dorm 1
East Elmhurst, New York 11370

42 U.S.C. 1983

To: State Comptroller Office Pending
Claim# 7001036072124746

Certified Mail Receipt
70150640 000345477294

C.C.R.B. [Civil Complaint Review Board]
201703481

PRACTICAL CONSEQUENCES

Entering the threshold of Civil/Criminal Violations: 70th Precinct
Police officer(s) (government officials) caught on camera
assaulting plaintiff Michael T. Walker.

Actual description of video surveillance tape:

Footage shows plaintiff Michael T. Walker is handcuffed with
hands behind his back. Officers are holding him face down on
pavement while officers repeatedly strike plaintiff about the
face with closed fist.

Plaintiff has filed Notice of Claim with the State Comptroller's Office, the Internal Affairs and the Civil Complaint Review Board. The (C.C.R.B) investigator's name is Abedrabb , file# 201703481.

Plaintiff intends to provide investigators from Internal Affairs Civil Complaint Review Board. Also, evidence of the surveillance footage will be produced to establish what officer(s) were present during the arrest to determine those on the tape.

SUBPOENAS

- 1) Taimur Raja Sheild# 19639
- 2) David Vasquez Sheild# 20393
- 3) Estharlin Lopez Sheild# 17248
- 4) Klye Brown Sheild# 16513

Footage is protected by plaintiff's criminal attorney name
[Regis] address; 177 Livingston St. Brooklyn, N.Y. Tel. (718-254-0700).

CIVIL LIABILITY

New York City Police Department as a whole is constantly suffering from major complaints, most likely pertaining to complaints that are made by civilians. These complaints leads the City to Millions of dollars with potential liabilities from a host of potential plaintiff(s).

Plaintiff, Michael T. Walker has solid evidence to extract seven figures in settlement along with a lot of other consequences. The New York City Police department is already dealing with a multitude of regulatory regimes such as police shootings of unarmed blackmen and excessive force. It is very clear that the need to develop a more robust method that will help New York City, on down to the Court system, Rikers Island and the police department.

LEGAL MICROSCOPE

Search and Seizure of a Person;

As reiterated, plaintiff Michael T. Walker was handcuffed then beaten while laying faced down outside on a street pavement by government officials. The severity of the alleged crime at issue is whether the plaintiff while being handcuffed behind his back posed an immediate threat to the safety of law enforcement officer(s).

When the Internal Affairs, as well as the Civilian Complaint Review Board examine the video footage, it will clearly establish that the plaintiff was laying faced down, handcuffed and posing no threat whatsoever. Nor was the plaintiff resisting arrest or attempting to evade arrest by fight. In fact, footage shows plaintiff being held down handcuffed and repeatedly being hit upon the skull area.

These government official provided Cruel and Unusual punishment (Constitutional protection against physically abusive conduct by government official). Nonetheless, a violation of Due Process provides a method for vindicating Federal Rights unreasonable Seizure of the plaintiff.

BREAKING THE MOLD

Police brutality is and has always been a problem for many years, many of those (plaintiff) that places an 42 U.S.C 1983 Obstruction of Justice claim never make it, but those cases that survives a motion to dismiss are done by the largest Patrolmen's Benevolent Association (P.B.A) of New York City. These attorney(s) that defend the police men and women know that there is a protection code which is the Blue Wall that gives an advantage in any and all situations. Cases like these are nothing more than just the sentiment of a few out of control precinct bullies.

It has long became evident that the administration has repeatedly tried to blame the victims of police murder and brutality for the crimes carried out against them, therefore the Justice department must now exersise it's inherent authority to file charges against government officials that violate the Codes of Professional Responsibility.

INJURIES SUSTAINED

Plaintiff was diagnose with glucoma in its advance stages in 2016. Plaintiff eye doctor name is; Dr. Scott office located at SUNY Medical-Nostrad ave. in Brooklyn N.Y.

Plaintiff is prescribed 2 drops a day for the 4 months he visited with doctor scott.

medications prescrib;

- 1) timorol
- 2) Biophast-2 drops daily(dosage)

On or about January 9, 2017 at 7:30pm-1058 Coneyisland ave. plaintiff was arrested and beaten by several N.Y.C. police officer(s).

On or about January 24, 2017 while residing at Rikers Island (O.B.C.C.) upon entering the infirmary, plaintiff complained about his eye sight not being well, he was examine and transferred to West Facility (Rikers Island) to see a specialist by whom determined that plaintiff is now legally blind.

FACTUAL OCCURENCE

Plaintiff now suffers from vision of shadows and only sees dark shadows, no skin tones or features of a person or object. Although plaintiff did receive and was equip with a blind man's stick, it doesn't eliviate the fact that his Federal Constitutional Rights have been violated.

CASE LAW

In the police brutality case of Abner Louima on March 6, 1997 at the hands of the 70th precinct, three N.Y.C. police officer(s) were convicted of a savage assault involving Thomas Weise, Thomas Bruder, Charles Schwarz and Justin Volpe, all government officials of the 70th precinct.

With the incident involving Abner Louima, the officers at the 70th precinct sodomized him with a broomstick, tearing a one inch hole in his rectum and bladder.

Similarities in both cases at the 70th precinct:

Plaintiff Michael Walker was held down while officers beat him in the face. Please note; The officer that held Abner Louima down while he was assaulted was charged with a possible term of life. (Police officer Charles Schwarz)

CRIMINAL INDICTMENT ARE IMMINENT

counts

Obstruction of Justice
Assault (gang) in the second degree-Pl. 120.05
Falsified Statements (police report)

In a more fundamental sense, the on street pavement torture took place within a definite political and social environment that has been fostered in New York. The police department as a whole have been given way to much power by the government. They have been suppressing the rights of millions of poor residents.

SORT OF RELIEF

When parties are negotiating an agreement or exchanging terms to avoid further proceedings, they form the basis for a more formalized agreement.

In this procedure, there was no shortage of expectations, the parties however, should be aware that there are subtle differences between the approaches of criminal and civil.

The question remains; being accused of an alledged criminal act is subject to civil proceedings.

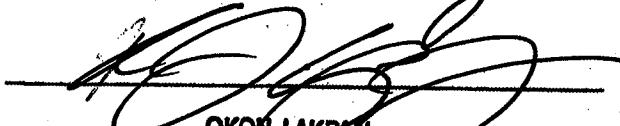
New York Courts imposes a duty to negotiate in good faith, so when parties who have spent time and resorces negotiating thye terms of an agreement can have assurances.

Generally, negotiating in good faith requires each party to be honest about the repective interest, positions or understandings.

Respectfully,

Sworn to before me
This 30th day of May 2017




OKON J AKPAN
Notary Public, State of New York
No.01AK61615TB
Qualified in Queens County
Commission Expires February 28, 2019

SHOWMENSHIP OF CASE RESEARCH

Plaintiff Michael .T. Walker In U.S.C. 1983 Law.
I will allow access to the following cases before hearings and trial. This Judicial vehicle, with fact finding visual headlights, will be equip with excessive force, cruel and unusual treatment, not to mention qualified immunity.

The roots of Federal Rights are produced inside the soil of the United states Constitution. The American people wheather un-a-like in color or creed, all have a common ground to stand on regardless as a citizen, detainee, or sentence prisoners, which is the freedom to execise your rights.

Plaintiff, was handcuffed behind his back laying face down. see Brooks vs. Auroa 653, F.3rd 478, 487 (7th Cir 2007) which ruled government officials were wrong to use physical force while arrestee was already handcuffed.

CHALLENGING QUALIFIED IMMUNITY

See Lewis vs, Downey 587 F.3rd 467, 478 (7th Cir 2009) arrestee being handcu7ffed was significant enough to deny qualified immunity. Also, see Sallenger vs. Oaks 473 F.3rd. 478, 487 (7th Cir. 2011) force applied while handcuffed held-down excessive force. Kingsley vs. Hendrickson U.S. 135 S Ct. 2466, 192 Led 2d. 416 (2015).



Special Needs Form

PATIENT NAME: WALKER, MICHAEL

FACILITY: North Infirmary Command

NYSID: 05171715Q

BookCase: 1411700266

I have reviewed the patient's record and I have found that patient will need the following Special Needs/Special Requirements

1. Assistive Device : Blind Stick (03/07/2017 - 12/31/2017)

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Myriam Blain RPA-C".

Signature

Blain, Myriam 05/05/2017 12:40 PM

Print Name/Date/Time

NYSID: 05171715Q **BookCase:** 1411700256

WALKER, MICHAEL

385 EAST 18TH STREET, 2J, BK, NY 11226

DOB: 03/08/1967 **Age:** 50 Y **Sex:** male

Home:

Work:

Cell:

Email:

Advance Directive:

Primary Insurance:

PCP:

Account Number: 335690

Allergies : N.K.D.A

condoms: No

Family History

Relation : Description

Father: deceased

Mother: deceased

1 brother(s) - healthy. 1 son(s) - healthy.

Immunizations

Name	Date	Dosage
Influenza - Refused (Not administered - Refused : Patient decision)	2017-01-11	
Hepatitis B (20 and more) - Refused (Not administered - Refused : Patient decision)	2017-01-11	1.0
Hepatitis B (20 and more) - Refused (Not administered - Refused : Patient decision)	2016-09-16	1.0

Vitals

Name	Date	Value
Temp	07/17/2017	96.9
BP	07/17/2017	122/75
RR	07/17/2017	16
Pulse	07/17/2017	62
SaO2	07/17/2017	98%RA

Patient Encounters

Date	Visit	Reason	Diagnosis
07/17/2017	Infirmary	Glaucoma OU	Infirmary Status - Chronic Unqualified visual loss, both eyes Unspecified glaucoma
07/12/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	
07/07/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma OU	Infirmary Status - Chronic Unqualified visual loss, both eyes Unspecified glaucoma
07/07/2017	Optometry		
07/05/2017	Inf-Nursin	chronic note	
06/28/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Notes	
06/27/2017	Indirect	medication renewal	Glaucoma NOS
06/21/2017	Nursing	CHRONIC	
06/20/2017	Infirmary	Glaucoma OU	Unqualified visual loss, both eyes Infirmary Status - Chronic Unspecified glaucoma
06/20/2017	Indirect	renew eye drop medication	
06/19/2017	Indirect	medication renewal	Glaucoma NOS
06/15/2017	Orthopedic		Contusion of unspecified lower leg, initial encounter
06/14/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Notes	
06/13/2017	Infirmary	Blind OU / Glaucoma	Infirmary Status - Chronic BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES Unspecified glaucoma
06/09/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / blind OU	Infirmary Status - Chronic

NYSID: 05171715Q **BookCase:** 1411700256**WALKER, MICHAEL**

385 EAST 18TH STREET, 2J, BK, NY 11226

DOB: 03/08/1967 **Age:** 50 Y **Sex:** male**Primary Insurance:****PCP:****Account Number:** 335690**Home:****Work:****Cell:****Email:****Advance Directive:****Allergies :** N.K.D.A**Medical History****Active Problem List**

Code	Name	Specify	Notes	Added On	Modified On	Modified By
365.9	Glaucoma NOS			09/16/2016	01/26/2017	Joseph, Rony
796.2	Elevated blood pressure reading without diagnosis of hypertension			09/16/2016	01/26/2017	Joseph, Rony
780.60	FEVER NOS			01/11/2017	01/11/2017	Oo, Aung
998.30	WOUND DISRUPTION NOS			01/11/2017	02/14/2017	Blain, Myriam
834.00	DISL FINGER NOS-CLOSED			01/11/2017	02/14/2017	Blain, Myriam
816.00	Closed fracture of finger NOS			01/17/2017	01/27/2017	Blain, Myriam
365.9	Glaucoma NOS			01/18/2017	05/18/2017	Blain, Myriam
369.3	BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES			01/18/2017	05/18/2017	Blain, Myriam
362.40	Retinal layer separation, unspecified			01/18/2017	02/14/2017	Blain, Myriam
V70.0	ROUTINE MEDICAL EXAM			01/26/2017	01/30/2017	Blain, Myriam
729.5	Pain in limb			01/27/2017	01/27/2017	Blain, Myriam
I1	Infirmary Status - Chronic			01/30/2017	06/13/2017	Blain, Myriam
367.0	Hyperopia			02/03/2017	05/12/2017	Hyman, Barry
757.5	NAIL ANOMALIES NEC	hypertrophic, dystrophic, nails 1-5 B/L		02/14/2017	03/10/2017	Goldberg, Allan
924.10	Contusion of lower leg	Left		02/16/2017	02/16/2017	Gordon, Kennedy F
RI301	Dental Class II Restorative and/or Periodontal Treatment Indicated			02/28/2017	02/28/2017	Pigott, Sydney
110.9	Tinea	plantar tinea B/L and interdigital tinea B/L		03/10/2017	03/10/2017	Goldberg, Allan
706.8	Xerosis cutis	dorsal xerosis B/L		03/10/2017	03/10/2017	Goldberg, Allan

Medications**Name strength formulation, Sig: take route frequency**

Latanoprost 0.005 % Solution, Total Dose: 1 drop/ both eyes Ophthalmic Daily Start Date: 06/27/2017 KOP: No DrugSource: RN/LPN DOT

Brimonidine Tartrate 0.15 % Solution, Total Dose: 1 drop to both eyes Ophthalmic Three Times a Day Start Date: 06/19/2017 KOP: No DrugSource: RN/LPN DOT

Cosopt 22.3-6.8 MG/ML Solution, Total Dose: 1 drop to Both eyes Ophthalmic Twice a Day Start Date: 06/19/2017 KOP: No DrugSource: RN/LPN DOT

Surgical History

Date	Reason
2015	Hip surgery ORIF @ Lincon hospital
2016	ROD in RT femur, leg, hip.
1/8/17	Rt leg surgical suture for glass laceration.

Hospitalization

Date	Reason
	As Above

Social History

Name	Value
Drug use	currently using drugs: No, ever used drugs: No, currently in methadone program: No, Ever accidentally overdosed: No, Ever used a needle to inject drugs: No
smoking	are you a smoker: never
alcohol	do you drink: No
violence	ever hit or assaulted anyone: No, ever been charged with sexual offense: No, ever been assaulted: Yes, ever been a victim of sexual abuse: No
education	grade level completed: some college , learning disability: No, were you in special education: No
Sexual history	sexually active with: women , current number of sexual partners: 01, do you and your partner use

NYSID: 05171715Q **BookCase:** 1411700256**WALKER, MICHAEL**

385 EAST 18TH STREET, 2J, BK, NY 11226

DOB: 03/08/1967 **Age:** 50 Y **Sex:** male**Home:****Work:****Cell:****Email:****Advance Directive:****Primary Insurance:****PCP:****Account Number:** 335690**Allergies :** N.K.D.A

			Unqualified visual loss, both eyes Unspecified glaucoma
06/07/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Notes	
05/31/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Note	
05/25/2017	Nursing		
05/24/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Note	
05/18/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / blind OU	Infirmary Status - Chronic BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES Glaucoma NOS
05/17/2017	Nursing	CHRONIC	
05/12/2017	Optometry		Hyperopia Glaucoma NOS
05/10/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Note	
05/05/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / blind OU	Infirmary Status - Chronic ROUTINE MEDICAL EXAM BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES Glaucoma NOS
05/03/2017	Inf-Nursin	chronic note	
04/26/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	
04/26/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / blind OU	Infirmary Status - Chronic BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES Glaucoma NOS
04/21/2017	Optometry		
04/20/2017	Orthopedic		Contusion of lower leg
04/19/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	
04/12/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	
04/07/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / blind OU	Glaucoma NOS Infirmary Status - Chronic
04/05/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	
03/31/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / blind OU	Infirmary Status - Chronic Glaucoma NOS
03/31/2017	Indirect	medication renewal	Glaucoma NOS
03/29/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	
03/28/2017	THCC	THCC Point of Service Contact	
03/24/2017	THCC	THCC Collateral Contact	
03/24/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / blind OU	Infirmary Status - Chronic Glaucoma NOS BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES
03/24/2017	Indirect	Medication renewal	Glaucoma NOS
03/23/2017	Indirect	medication renewal	Glaucoma NOS
03/22/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	
03/21/2017	PhysicalTh		Pain in limb
03/20/2017	PhysicalTh		
03/16/2017	PhysicalTh		Contusion of lower leg
03/15/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	
03/15/2017	PhysicalTh		Pain in limb
03/13/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / blind OU	Infirmary Status - Chronic

NYSID: 05171715Q **BookCase:** 1411700256

WALKER, MICHAEL

385 EAST 18TH STREET, 2J, BK, NY 11226

DOB: 03/08/1967 **Age:** 50 Y **Sex:** male

Home:

Work:

Cell:

Email:

Advance Directive:

Primary Insurance:

PCP:

Account Number: 335690

Allergies : N.K.D.A

			Closed fracture of finger NOS Contusion of lower leg Glaucoma NOS BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES
03/13/2017	PhysicalTh		
03/10/2017	Podiatry	foot care	NAIL ANOMALIES NEC Tinea Xerosis cutis
03/10/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / blind OU	Glaucoma NOS BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES Infirmary Status - Chronic
03/09/2017	PhysicalTh		
03/08/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	Infirmary Status - Chronic
03/07/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / Blind both eyes	Glaucoma NOS Contusion of lower leg
03/07/2017	PhysicalTh		Pain in limb
03/06/2017	PhysicalTh		Contusion of lower leg
03/03/2017	Optometry		
03/02/2017	PhysicalTh		Contusion of lower leg
03/01/2017	PhysicalTh		
02/28/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma /contusion LLE	Infirmary Status - Chronic Pain in limb Glaucoma NOS
02/28/2017	PhysicalTh		
02/28/2017	Dental	exam	Dental Class II Restorative and/or Periodontal Treatment Indicated
02/27/2017	PhysicalTh		Contusion of lower leg
02/22/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Note	Infirmary Status - Chronic
02/22/2017	Infirmary	aftercare letter	Infirmary Status - Chronic
02/21/2017	Infirmary	wound care / glaucoma / LE injury	Infirmary Status - Chronic Contusion of lower leg WOUND DISRUPTION NOS Glaucoma NOS
02/17/2017	Hospital	Specialty Clinic Return	Glaucoma NOS
02/17/2017	Indirect	medication order	Contusion of lower leg
02/16/2017	Orthopedic	Specialty Clinic Ortho	Contusion of lower leg
02/16/2017	Infirmary	BVH hand clinic return	Infirmary Status - Chronic DISL FINGER NOS-CLOSED
02/15/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	Infirmary Status - Chronic
02/14/2017	Infirmary	Glaucoma / LE Injury	Glaucoma NOS Pain in limb WOUND DISRUPTION NOS Retinal layer separation, unspecified DISL FINGER NOS-CLOSED NAIL ANOMALIES NEC

NYSID: 05171715Q **BookCase:** 1411700256**WALKER, MICHAEL**

385 EAST 18TH STREET, 2J, BK, NY 11226

DOB: 03/08/1967 **Age:** 50 Y **Sex:** male**Home:****Work:****Cell:****Email:****Advance Directive:****Primary Insurance:****PCP:****Account Number:** 335690**Allergies :** N.K.D.A

02/11/2017	Infirmary	Wound care order renewal	WOUND DISRUPTION NOS
02/10/2017	Infirmary		DENTAL EXAMINATION
02/10/2017	Optometry	Specialty Clinic opto.	
02/08/2017	Inf-Nursin	Chronic Nurses Note	
02/08/2017	Infirmary	broken glasses / left leg pain	Pain in limb Infirmary Status - Chronic Hyperopia DISL FINGER NOS-CLOSED
02/07/2017	Infirmary	glaucoma / LE injury b/l	Infirmary Status - Chronic Pain in limb WOUND DISRUPTION NOS Closed fracture of finger NOS Glaucoma NOS
02/03/2017	Indirect	wound care order	WOUND DISRUPTION NOS
02/03/2017	Optometry	Specialty Clinic Optometry	Glaucoma NOS Hyperopia
02/03/2017	Optometry	Specialty Clinic Optometry	
02/01/2017	Inf-Nursin	chronic note	ROUTINE MEDICAL EXAM
01/30/2017	Infirmary	aftercare letter	Retinal layer separation, unspecified DISL FINGER NOS-CLOSED Infirmary Status - Chronic
01/27/2017	Infirmary	Glaucoma , Blind OU , rt 3rd finger fx	WOUND DISRUPTION NOS Closed fracture of finger NOS Pain in limb
01/27/2017	Infirmary	ophthalmology clinic appt	Retinal layer separation, unspecified Glaucoma NOS
01/26/2017	Adm - NIC	Transfer Chart Review	Infirmary Status - Acute WOUND DISRUPTION NOS Glaucoma NOS Elevated blood pressure reading without diagnosis of hypertension Closed fracture of finger NOS Glaucoma NOS BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES Retinal layer separation, unspecified ROUTINE MEDICAL EXAM FINGER INJURY NOS
01/26/2017	Indirect	Pre- admission	BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES Glaucoma NOS Retinal layer separation, unspecified
01/26/2017	Sick Call	Pt with advanced Glaucoma and request to transfer to NIC.	BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES
01/25/2017	Sick Call	To call NIC for bed availability	BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES
01/24/2017	Indirect	Rx renewal	Glaucoma NOS
01/24/2017	Indirect	Rx renewal	Glaucoma NOS
01/24/2017	Medical	suture removal rt leg	WOUND DISRUPTION NOS

NYSID: 05171715Q **BookCase:** 1411700256**WALKER, MICHAEL**

385 EAST 18TH STREET, 2J, BK, NY 11226

DOB: 03/08/1967 **Age:** 50 Y **Sex:** male**Home:****Work:****Cell:****Email:****Advance Directive:****Primary Insurance:****PCP:****Account Number:** 335690**Allergies :** N.K.D.A

01/23/2017	Medical	Suture Removal R Leg	
01/22/2017	Indirect	requesting NIC transfer	BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES
01/20/2017	Indirect	Pre-admit: bilat decreased vision	Glaucoma NOS
01/20/2017	Sick Call	decreased vision, wants to go to NIC	BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES Glaucoma NOS Retinal layer separation, unspecified
01/18/2017	Optometry	Specialty Clinic opto.	Glaucoma NOS BLINDNESS NOS, BOTH EYES Retinal layer separation, unspecified
01/17/2017	Medical	rt leg wound suture removal, follow up x-ray of the hand; leg wound, elevated BP..	WOUND DISRUPTION NOS Closed fracture of finger NOS
01/17/2017	Medical	leg wound, elevated BP.	
01/13/2017	Medical	leg wound f.u, elevated BP. fever.	
01/11/2017	Intake	New Intake.	ROUTINE MEDICAL EXAM Elevated blood pressure reading without diagnosis of hypertension Glaucoma NOS FEVER NOS WOUND DISRUPTION NOS DISL FINGER NOS-CLOSED
09/20/2016	Indirect	Discharge Medication	
09/16/2016	Indirect	Change Medication Frequency	Glaucoma NOS
09/16/2016	Intake		ROUTINE MEDICAL EXAM Screening for other and unspecified cardiovascular conditions Glaucoma NOS Injury of hip and thigh Elevated blood pressure reading without diagnosis of hypertension

Referrals

Outgoing Referrals				
Referral From	Referral To	Start Date	End Date	Reason
Myriam Blain, PA	Ophthalmology (REF) Bellevue	03/07/2017	03/07/2018	advance glaucoma / retinal layer seperation / blindness OU
Myriam Blain, PA	Wound Care Nursing	02/21/2017	02/28/2017	wound care to RLE x 7days
Rony Joseph, PA	Optometry NIC	02/17/2017	02/17/2018	Glaucoma
Kennedy F Gordon	Physical Therapy NIC	02/16/2017	02/16/2018	Residual left shin compartment tenderness (anterior more than inferior)No signs or symptoms of compartment syndrome.
Myriam Blain, PA	Podiatry WF	02/14/2017	02/14/2018	hyperpigmented long toe nails
Ivor Bharat , PA	Wound Care Nursing	02/11/2017	02/18/2017	Wound care right lower extremity
Saidu Jimoh, PA	Dental EMTC	02/10/2017	02/10/2018	49 y/o male pt requesting for routine cleaning. please evaluate and treat. appt 2/28/17 Seen (Check Out) on 2/28/17
Myriam Blain, PA	Orthopedic NIC	02/08/2017	02/08/2018	left leg pain / pain on ambulation / uses crutches to ambulate
Myriam Blain, PA	Optometry NIC	02/08/2017	02/08/2018	broken glasses POL's inserted into new frame
Myriam Blain, PA	Wound Care Nursing	02/03/2017	02/10/2017	wound care to RLE x 7days
Myriam Blain, PA	Hand Surgery (REF) Bellevue	01/27/2017	01/27/2018	communited fx of the distal tuft of the rt third finger
Myriam Blain, PA	Wound Care Nursing	01/27/2017	02/03/2017	wound care to rt LE x 7days
Rony Joseph, PA	Wound Care Nursing	01/26/2017	02/02/2017	Wound RLE
	Ophthalmology (REF)			F/U in Bellevue Ophthalmology clinic at the end of this

NYSID: 05171715Q **BookCase:** 1411700256

WALKER, MICHAEL

385 EAST 18TH STREET, 2J, BK, NY 11226

DOB: 03/08/1967 **Age:** 50 Y **Sex:** male

Home:

Work:

Cell:

Email:

Advance Directive:

Primary Insurance:

PCP:

Account Number: 335690

Allergies : N.K.D.A

Towhid Shiblee, MD	Bellevue	01/24/2017	01/24/2018	week per their recommendations.
Barry Hyman, OD	Ophthalmology (REF) Bellevue	01/18/2017	01/18/2018	Advanced glaucoma with epiretinal membrane OD/ IOP 28 OU (timoptic and xalatan).
Jean-Joseph Janvier, MD	Orthopedic (REF) Bellevue	01/17/2017	01/17/2018	Comminuted Fx Distal R 3rd Finger
Jean-Joseph Janvier, MD	Wound Care Nursing	01/17/2017	01/27/2017	R Leg Wound/swelling please clean his Rt leg wound with sterile water and applied dry dressing for 5 days. please check temp and inform if Temp >98.6
Aung Oo, MD	Wound Care Nursing	01/11/2017	01/16/2017	please allow to use pair of crutches for medical reason.
Aung Oo, MD	Internal (REF) DOC	01/11/2017	01/11/2018	48 yr old male glaucoma on treatment for please follow up.
Okechukwu Igwe (Inactive), MD	Optometry WF	01/11/2017	01/11/2018	H/o Glaucoma Discharged (Cancelled)
Okechukwu Igwe (Inactive), MD	Optometry WF	09/16/2016	09/16/2017	

INMATE REQUEST FOR WITHDRAWAL OF FUNDS FOR POSTAGE

Michael WALKER
INMATE NAME

1411700256
BOOK & CASE

North Infirmary command
FACILITY

5/15/2017

DATE

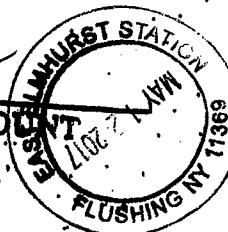
Yellow
Envelope

5/15/17

5/15/17

\$7.82

WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT



MAILED TO:

CCRB

NAME

102 church st

10th fl

NY NY 10007

ADDRESS

CITY

STATE

ZIP CODE

Michael Walker
INMATE SIGNATURE

7294 4547 0003 0640 0155 7015

DEBITED BY (CASHIER)

U.S. Postal Service®
CERTIFIED MAIL® RECEIPT
Domestic Mail Only

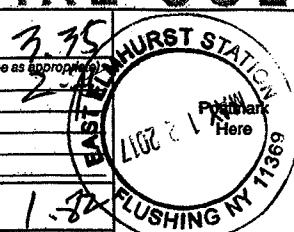
For delivery information, visit our website at www.usps.com.

OFFICIAL USE

Certified Mail Fee

\$

Extra Services & Fees (check box, add fee as appropriate)
 Return Receipt (hardcopy) \$ 2.00
 Return Receipt (electronic) \$ _____
 Certified Mail Restricted Delivery \$ _____
 Adult Signature Required \$ _____
 Adult Signature Restricted Delivery \$ _____



Postage

\$

Total Postage and Fees

\$

Sent To C.C.RB

Street and Apt. No., or P.O. Box No.

City, State, Zip+4

102 church St
New York NY 10007

PS Form 3800, April 2015 PSN 25-921-0909-9147

See Reverse for Instructions

NOTE: Mailroom Officer forward to [redacted]

INMATE REQUEST FOR WITHDRAWAL OF FUNDS FOR POSTAGE

Michael Walker
INMATE NAME

141170025
BOOK & GASE

North Infirmary comming
FACILITY

5/5/2017 Del 5/5/17

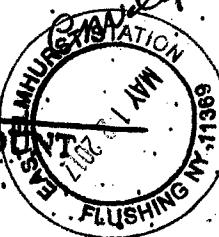
DATE

get 100

5/8/17

WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT

7.92



7-92

MAILED TO:

NYPD Internal Affairs

NAME

315 Hudson St NY NY 10013
ADDRESS

Michael Walker
INMATE SIGNATURE

U.S. Postal Service
CERTIFIED MAIL[®] RECEIPT
Domestic Mail Only

For delivery information, visit our website at www.usps.com

OFFICIAL USE

Certified Mail Fee

\$ 3.35

- Extra Services & Fees (check box, add fee as appropriate)
 Return Receipt (hardcopy) \$ 2.75
 Return Receipt (electronic) \$ _____
 Certified Mail Restricted Delivery \$ _____
 Adult Signature Required \$ _____
 Adult Signature Restricted Delivery \$ _____

Postage

\$ 1.82

Total Postage and Fees

\$ 7.92

Sent to

NYPD Internal Affairs
Street and Apt. No. or PO Box No.
315 Hudson St

City, State, Zip+4

New York New York 10013
PS Form 3800, April 2015 PSN 75-932-003-9047
See Reverse for Instructions



DEBITED BY (CASHIER)

NOTE: Mailroom Officer forwarded this

Not a Legal Professional? Visit our consumer site
[Register](#) | [Login](#)

CASES & CODES PRACTICE MANAGEMENT JOBS & CAREERS NEWSLETTERS BLOGS LAW TECHNOLOGY Search FindLaw
 Forms Lawyer Marketing Corporate Counsel Law Students JusticeMail Reference

FindLaw Caselaw United States US 7th Cir. KINGSLEY v. HENDRICKSON

KINGSLEY v. HENDRICKSON

Print

6

Font size: A A Result

United States Court of Appeals, Seventh Circuit.

Michael B. KINGSLEY, Plaintiff–Appellant, v. Stan HENDRICKSON, et al., Defendants–Appellees.

No. 12–3639.

Decided: September 08, 2015

Before RIPPLE and HAMILTON, Circuit Judges, and STADTMUELLER, District Judge.**Wendy M. Ward, Attorney, Jeffrey Stephen Ward, Merchant & Gould P. C., Madison, WI, Sarah O'Rourke Schrup, Attorney, Northwestern University School of Law, Chicago, IL, for Plaintiff–Appellant. Andrew A. Jones, Attorney, Whyte HirschboeckDudek S.C., Milwaukee, WI, for Defendants–Appellees.
 This matter is before the court on remand from the Supreme Court of the United States. On June 22, 2015, the Court vacated our judgment and remanded the case to us for further proceedings. Pursuant to our Circuit Rule 54, the parties now have submitted statements of their respective positions. For the reasons set forth in this opinion, we now vacate the judgment of the district court and remand this case to the district court for a new trial.

A.

We assume familiarity with the decision of the Supreme Court, *Kingsley v. Hendrickson*, —— U.S. ——, 135 S.Ct. 2466, 192 L.Ed.2d 416 (2015), and with the earlier decision of this court, *Kingsley v. Hendrickson*, 744 F.3d 443 (7th Cir.2014), and therefore we only briefly summarize those proceedings here. Bringing his action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 against various officials at the Monroe County Jail in Sparta, Wisconsin, Mr. Kingsley claimed that jail officials had used excessive force in applying a Taser to him while he was held as a pretrial detainee at the facility. The jury found for the defendants. Mr. Kingsley appealed to this court, claiming that he had been prejudiced by the instructions given to the jury. In particular, Mr. Kingsley maintained that the district court had erred by instructing the jury that he was required to establish the subjective intent of the officers. In affirming the judgment of the district court, we determined that the jury “instructions were not an erroneous or confusing statement of the law of this circuit.” *Kingsley*, 744 F.3d at 445. Specifically, we held that relevant Supreme Court precedent directed us to evaluate an excessive force claim by a pretrial detainee using the Due Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment. Looking to our own cases, we concluded that “some consideration of [the] intent” of the officers was supported in our cases, but that “it is limited in significant measure by the fact that it is discernable from objective considerations.” *Id.* at 452 (emphasis in original). One of our number dissented.

Resolving a split among the circuits on that issue, the Supreme Court vacated our decision and held “that a pretrial detainee must show only that the force purposely or knowingly used against him was objectively unreasonable” and that no showing regarding the defendant’s state of mind is required. *Kingsley*, 135 S.Ct. at 2473. The court then remanded the case to this court and directed us to determine whether the district court’s error could be characterized as harmless based “in part on the detailed specifics of th[e] case.” *Id.* at 2477. The Court then remanded the case to this court and directed that we address that issue.

In his Rule 54 statement, Mr. Kingsley submits that we ought to remand this case to the district court for a new trial on his excessive force claim against Sergeant Stan Hendrickson and Deputy Fritz Degner. The defendants take a different position; in their view, the decision of the Supreme Court entitles them to qualified immunity. Alternatively, they submit that any error in the instructions was harmless.

B.

With this background, we now follow the direction of the Supreme Court and address the question of harmless error. “[I]n order to obtain a new trial based on an incorrect jury instruction, [an appellant] must establish both that the instructions failed to properly state the law and that he was prejudiced by the error because the jury was likely to be misled or confused.” *Davis v. Wessel*, 792 F.3d 793, 798 (7th Cir.2015) (alterations in original) (internal quotation marks omitted). As the Supreme Court noted, this question is usually a fact-intensive inquiry that requires assessment of the entire record.

We have undertaken the required scrutiny of the record and are convinced that the error in this case cannot be characterized as harmless. True, many of the factors to which the district court invited the jury’s attention were

FindLaw Career Center

Attorney
 Corporate Counsel
 Academic
 Judicial Clerk
 Summer Associate
 Intern
 Law Librarian

[Search Jobs](#) [Post a Job](#) | [View More Jobs](#)

[View More](#)

FindLaw's Legal Grounds
 Latest humorous legal news
 delivered to your inbox.
[Newsletters.FindLaw.com/](#)

Everyday Legal
 Weekly legal news and
 trending topics newsletter.
[Newsletter.FindLaw.com](#)

Open for Business
 Small Business Law newsletter.
[Newsletter.FindLaw.com](#)

the same factors that a jury would assess under the objective standard now mandated by the Supreme Court. Nevertheless, those factors were suggested to the jury not in the context of applying them to an objective test but as circumstantial evidence from which an inference of reckless or malicious intent might be drawn. Moreover, given the evidence of record, the jurors might well have decided that, although the officers had acted in an objectively unreasonable manner, they did not have the subjective intent required by the erroneous instruction. That is, the jurors might well have concluded that the officers acted in an objectively unreasonable manner in their effort to handle a manacled prisoner, a conclusion supported by the testimony of Mr. Kingsley's expert. Nevertheless, the jury also might have concluded that the officers, while unreasonable in their approach, did not have a reckless or malicious intent.

Under the Supreme Court's holding, Mr. Kingsley should prevail if he is able to establish that the officers acted in an unreasonable manner—without regard to their subjective intent. The evidence of record would have supported a finding for him under that theory, but the jury was told that it also had to find the officers had a proscribed intent. This last requirement increased, significantly, his burden of proof. The error was not harmless.

C.

The defendants next suggest that they should be able to avoid retrial because they are entitled to qualified immunity. Their argument is a nuanced one. In their view, the decision of the Supreme Court, resolving a circuit split in its decision in this case, altered the substantive law of liability. Because there was a division among the circuits on the state of the law at the time that they acted, they contend that they cannot be held liable for their actions.

Although the matter of qualified immunity was brought to the attention of the Court, its instructions to us make no mention of our returning to this issue. In any event, we do not believe that this defense is a viable one here. In § 1983 actions, “[q]ualified immunity shields government officials from civil damages liability unless the official violated a statutory or constitutional right that was clearly established at the time of the challenged conduct.” *Taylor v. Barkes*, — U.S. —, —, 135 S.Ct. 2042, 2044, 192 L.Ed.2d 78 (2015) (internal quotation marks omitted). Under this standard, “[a]n officer cannot be said to have violated a clearly established right unless the right’s contours were sufficiently definite that any reasonable official in [his] shoes would have understood that he was violating it; meaning that existing precedent . placed the statutory or constitutional question beyond debate.” *City & Cty. of San Francisco, Cal. v. Sheehan*, — U.S. —, —, 135 S.Ct. 1765, 1774, 191 L.Ed.2d 856 (2015) (second and third alteration in original) (citation omitted) (internal quotation marks omitted). To address this question, the Supreme Court has instructed us that we must define the right in question with a sufficient degree of particularity. Thus, in this case, the scope of the right in issue must be drawn more narrowly than the right of a pretrial detainee to be free from excessive force during his detention; instead, we must examine whether the law clearly established that the use of a Taser on a non-resisting detainee, lying prone and handcuffed behind his back, was constitutionally excessive.

Here, the facts surrounding the underlying incident are in sharp dispute. When those facts are construed in the light most favorable to Mr. Kingsley, see *Saucier v. Katz*, 533 U.S. 194, 201, 121 S.Ct. 2151, 150 L.Ed.2d 272 (2001), a reasonable officer was certainly on notice at the time of the occurrence that Mr. Kingsley's conduct did not justify the sort of force described in his account. According to Mr. Kingsley, he was not resisting the officers in a manner that justified slamming his head into the wall, using a Taser while he was manacled, and leaving him alone after use of that instrument. Our precedent makes clear that when the officers applied the Taser to Mr. Kingsley in May 2010, use of the Taser violated Mr. Kingsley's right to be free from excessive force if he was not resisting. See *Lewis v. Downey*, 581 F.3d 467, 478–79 (7th Cir.2009) (denying qualified immunity to officers who applied a Taser to a pretrial detainee lying “prone on [a] bed, weakened, and docile,” in response to his refusal of an order to get out of bed); *Brooks v. City of Aurora, Ill.*, 653 F.3d 478, 487 (7th Cir.2011) (noting that prior cases had established the illegality of the use of pepper spray on an arrestee who was “already . handcuffed and . offering no physical resistance” or was “lying face down . with both arms handcuffed behind his back” (internal quotation marks omitted)); see also *Salleenger v. Oakes*, 473 F.3d 731, 741–42 (7th Cir.2007) (noting, in its evaluation of the officers’ conduct for immunity purposes, that the fact that the force was applied after the arrestee was handcuffed was a significant factor in denying immunity); cf. *Forrest v. Prine*, 620 F.3d 739, 745 (7th Cir.2010) (finding force was not unconstitutionally excessive when Taser was applied “where the officers were faced with aggression, disruption, [and] physical threat” and where plaintiff “posed an immediate threat to safety and order within the jail” (alteration in original) (internal quotation marks omitted)).

If we were to accept the defendants' argument here, we would untether the qualified immunity defense from its moorings of protecting those acting in reliance on a standard that is later determined to be infirm. Here, before and after the Supreme Court's decision in this case, the standards for the amount of force that can be permissibly employed remain the same. To accept the defense of qualified immunity here, we would have to accept the dubious proposition that, at the time the officers acted, they were on notice only that they could not have a reckless or malicious intent and that, as long as they acted without such an intent, they could apply any degree of force they chose. As we have noted, however, the law clearly established that the amount of force had to be reasonable in light of the legitimate objectives of the institution.

Accordingly, the judgment of the district court is reversed, and the case is remanded for further proceedings in accordance with this opinion.

REVERSED and REMANDED

PER CURIAM.



CIVILIAN COMPLAINT REVIEW BOARD
100 CHURCH STREET 10th FLOOR
NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10007 ♦ TELEPHONE (212) 912-7235
www.nyc.gov/ccrb



BILL DE BLASIO
MAYOR

MAYA D. WILEY, ESQ.
CHAIR

May 16, 2017

Mr. Michael Walker (NYSID: 05171715Q)
1500 Hazen Street
East Elmhurst, NY 11370

Re: CCRB case number 201703481

Dear Mr. Walker:

I am the investigator assigned to the above-referenced complaint, which was filed with the Civilian Complaint Review Board. The CCRB, which is staffed entirely by civilians, is a city agency independent of the New York City Police Department. I am currently attempting to contact your attorney in order to obtain permission to speak to you regarding the matter.

In order to fully investigate this complaint, I need to speak with your attorney and then yourself as soon as possible. Please call me or have your attorney call me immediately at (212) 912-2016. If I am not in my office when you call, please leave a telephone number and a time at which you can be reached.

Thank you very much for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Wassim Abedrabbo
Investigator



CIVILIAN COMPLAINT REVIEW BOARD
100 CHURCH STREET 10th FLOOR
NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10007 ♦ TELEPHONE (212) 912-7235
www.nyc.gov/ccrb



BILL DE BLASIO
MAYOR

MAYA D. WILEY, ESQ.
CHAIR

July 19, 2017

Mr. Michael Walker
1500 Hazen Street
East Elmhurst, NY 11370

Re: CCRB case number 201703481

Dear Mr. Walker:

I am now writing to inform you of the Board's findings on the allegation(s) raised by the above-referenced complaint.

Allegation(s) by letter :

- A) Force:
An officer used physical force against Michael Walker.

Board finding(s) :

Complainant Uncooperative

The Board did not conduct a full and thorough investigation of this complaint in the absence of an available and cooperative complainant and/or victim(s). However, where new evidence or a previously unavailable or uncooperative witness becomes available within eighteen months of the Board's closure of the case, the Board may reopen the case if such new evidence may reasonably lead to a different finding. To request that the Board reopen a closed case, please detail the new evidence and the request in a letter addressed to Nina Mickens, Director of Case Management, at CCRB, 100 Church Street, 10th Floor, New York, NY 10007.

Sincerely,

Jonathan Darche
Executive Director

Enclosure

Confidential



BILL DE BLASIO
MAYOR

CIVILIAN COMPLAINT REVIEW BOARD
100 CHURCH STREET 10th FLOOR
NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10007 • TELEPHONE (212) 912-7235
www.nyc.gov/ccrb



MAYA D. WILEY, ESQ.
CHAIR

EXPLANATION OF BOARD FINDINGS

Substantiated – the officer(s) committed misconduct.*

Unfounded – the officer(s) did not commit the alleged action.

Unsubstantiated – it is unclear whether misconduct occurred.

Exonerated – the actions of the officer(s) were not found to be misconduct.

Miscellaneous – the officer has resigned, retired or has been terminated.

Officer(s) Unidentified - the subject officer(s) of the alleged action could not be identified.

Complainant/Victim Uncooperative – the complainant/victim did not respond to repeated attempts by the investigator to schedule an interview or failed to appear for scheduled interviews.

Complainant/Victim Unavailable – the investigator was unable to locate the complainant/victim with the contact information obtained.

Victim Unidentified – there is not enough information to locate the alleged victim.

Complaint Withdrawn – the complainant/victim no longer wishes to go forward and asked to withdraw the complaint. No case is closed for this reason until the person states that they are voluntarily withdrawing the complaint.

If you have new evidence, not previously available to the CCRB, or a previously unavailable or uncooperative witness becomes available, the Board may be willing to reopen your case if such new evidence may reasonably lead to a different finding. To request that the Board reopen your case in such circumstances, please detail the new evidence and request in a letter addressed to: Executive Director, at the above address, as soon as possible.

*The Board may, when it substantiates an allegation, make one of the following recommendations:

Formalized Training: The officer should receive training at the Police Academy in regard to the specific allegation(s).

Command discipline: The officer should receive discipline at the local, command level, which may range from instructions to the loss of up to ten days' pay.

Charges and specifications: Charges should be filed against the officer, which may result in an administrative hearing and a penalty more severe than a command discipline.

From MICHAEL WALKER 1411700256
1500 HAZEN ST DORM 1
EAST ELMHURST QUEENS 113
11370

UNITED STATES
POSTAL SERVICE.

Retail



US POSTAGE PAID
\$7.20

Origin: 11368
Destination: 10007
1 Lb 2.30 Oz
Aug. 21, 17
3528890011-10

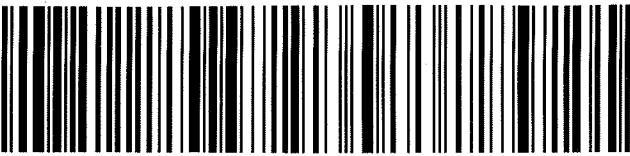
1006

PRIORITY MAIL ®1-Day

Expected Delivery Day: 08/22/2017

C014

USPS TRACKING NUMBER



9505 5161 9363 7233 0694 05

Per Seine

USM_{P3}
SDNY

To : United States District court
Southern District of New York
DANIEL PATRICK MOYNIHAN
United States Court house
New York New York 10007
500 Pearl St. New York
NY 10007

2017 AUG 23
RECEIVED
CLERK'S OFFICE
AUG 22 2017

